

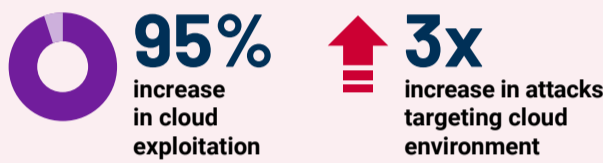
Cloud Security Companion Guide For Cyber Essentials

Key shifts and cybersecurity challenges when organisations move to the cloud



	Shared Responsibility Model (SRM)	Large no. of SaaS subscriptions ("SaaS sprawl")	Business-led SaaS (Potential "shadow IT")
Changes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cloud users and providers now take on joint responsibility 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Many standalone, potentially silo-ed subscriptions to manage 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Different business units directly manage their own SaaS
Cybersecurity challenges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cloud users misunderstand that cloud providers take care of everything 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Difficult to scale the management of large number of SaaS subscriptions <p><small>SaaS - Software-as-a-service</small></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Subscriptions may not comply with organisation's cybersecurity processes Business users unaware of cloud security best practices

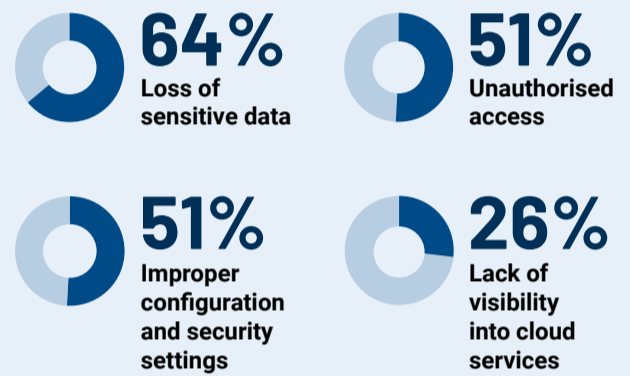
Evolving tactics of attackers to target cloud environment



Source: CrowdStrike report

- Key attack vectors**
- Cloud **credentials** and **identities** targeted
 - Lateral movement** across cloud environment
 - Cloud **misconfiguration abuse**

Key security concerns of cloud users



Source: Cloud Security Alliance report

SRM for Cyber Essentials For SaaS users



- SaaS user responsibility
- Cloud provider responsibility

			Responsibility of SaaS user	Responsibility of cloud provider	
				SaaS provider	Cloud infrastructure provider
Assets	People	●			
	Hardware and software	●			
	Data	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data within SaaS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensure data in the cloud is online 	
Secure/Protect	Virus/malware protection	○		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection of SaaS application(s) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Protection of host infrastructure
	Access control	●			
	Secure configuration	○	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> User settings in SaaS Management of logging 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Application-level configuration Ability to enable logging 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Host infrastructure configuration
Update	Software updates	○		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Update of SaaS application(s) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Update of host infrastructure
Backup	Back up essential data	●	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Backup of organisation's essential data within SaaS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Backup of SaaS application(s) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Backup of host infrastructure
Respond	Incident response	●			

Notes

- Scope of SRM for companion guide focuses on responsibilities of end-user organisations subscribed to SaaS – organisations shall also refer to the SRM published by their respective cloud providers.
- Beyond the SaaS subscriptions, end-user organisations shall continue to be responsible for the cybersecurity of their respective local environment.
- Whilst the SRM has not outlined the respective responsibilities of the cloud providers, they are expected to implement their respective cybersecurity measures and provide assurance of their own cybersecurity posture to their cloud customers – this is also mentioned in the companion guide.

Get started with implementing cloud security



Find out more
www.csa.gov.sg/cloudsecurity



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